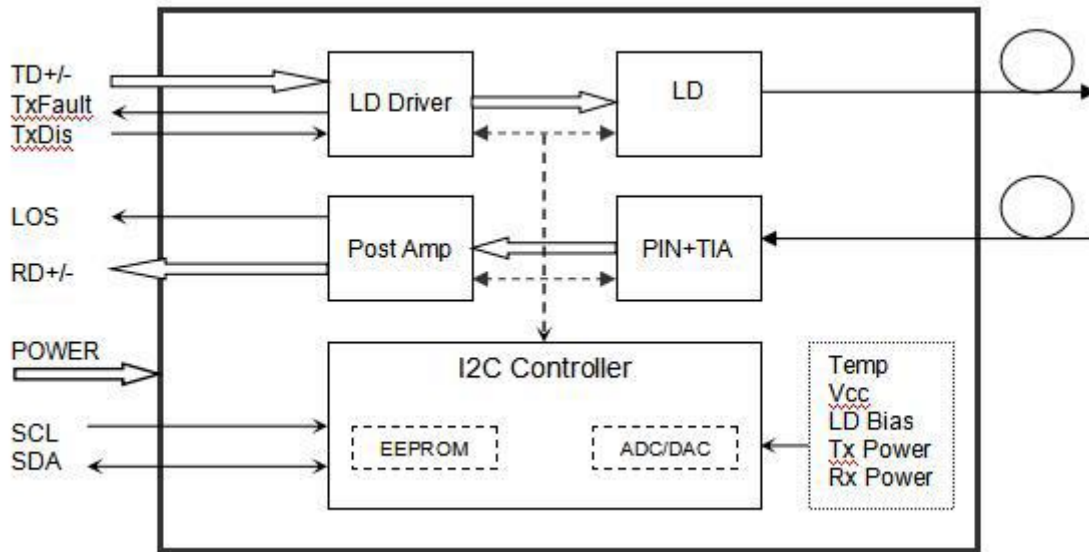


Block Diagram



Transceiver functional diagram

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4	V
Storage Temperature	Ts	-40	+85	°C
Operating Humidity	-	5	85	%

Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Operating Case Temperature	Tc	0		+70	°C
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.30	3.465	V
Power Supply Current	Icc			300	mA
Data Rate		24.33		25.78	Gbps

Optical and Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	840	850	860	nm	
Spectral Width (RMS)	$\Delta\lambda$			0.6	nm	
Side-Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	-	-	-	dB	
Average Output Power	P_{out}	-8.4		2.4	dBm	1
Extinction Ratio	ER	2.0			dB	
Data Input Swing Differential	V_{IN}	180		950	mV	2
Input Differential Impedance	Z_{IN}	90	100	110	Ω	
TX Disable	Disable		2.0		V_{cc}	V
	Enable		0		0.8	V
TX Fault	Fault		2.0		V_{cc}	V
	Normal		0		0.8	V
Receiver						
Centre Wavelength	λ_c	840	850	860	nm	
Receiver Sensitivity				-10.3	dBm	3,4
Receiver Overload		2.4			dBm	3,4
LOS De-Assert	LOS_D			-13	dBm	
LOS Assert	LOS_A	-30			dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5		4	dB	
Data Output Swing Differential	V_{out}	500		900	mV	5
LOS	High		2.0		V_{cc}	V
	Low				0.8	V

Notes:

- The optical power is launched into MMF.
- PECL input, internally AC-coupled and terminated.
- Measured with a PRBS 2³¹-1 test pattern @25.78Gbps, BER ≤5E-5..
- Bits 110.3 and bits 118.3 control the locking modes of the internal retimer or CDR, default Value is "1".

Bit 110.3 of A2h	Bit 118.3 of A2h	RX Data Rate	TX Data Rate	Status of RX CDR	Status of TX CDR
High/1	High/1	24.33G/25.78G	24.33G/25.78G	CDR select	CDR select
High/1	Low/0	24.33G/25.78G	9.95G/10.31G	CDR select	CDR bypass
Low/0	High/1	9.95G/10.31G	24.33G/25.78G	CDR bypass	CDR select
Low/0	Low/0	9.95G/10.31G	9.95G/10.31G	CDR bypass	CDR bypass

- Internally AC-coupled.

Timing and Electrical

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit
Tx Disable Negate Time	t_on			2	ms
Tx Disable Assert Time	t_off			100	μs
Time To Initialize, including Reset of Tx Fault	t_init			300	ms
Tx Fault Assert Time	t_fault			100	μs
Tx Disable To Reset	t_reset	10			μs
LOS Assert Time	t_loss_on			100	μs
LOS De-assert Time	t_loss_off			100	μs
Serial ID Clock Rate	f_serial_clock		100	400	KHz
MOD_DEF (0:2)-High	V _H	2		V _{cc}	V
MOD_DEF (0:2)-Low	V _L			0.8	V

Diagnostics

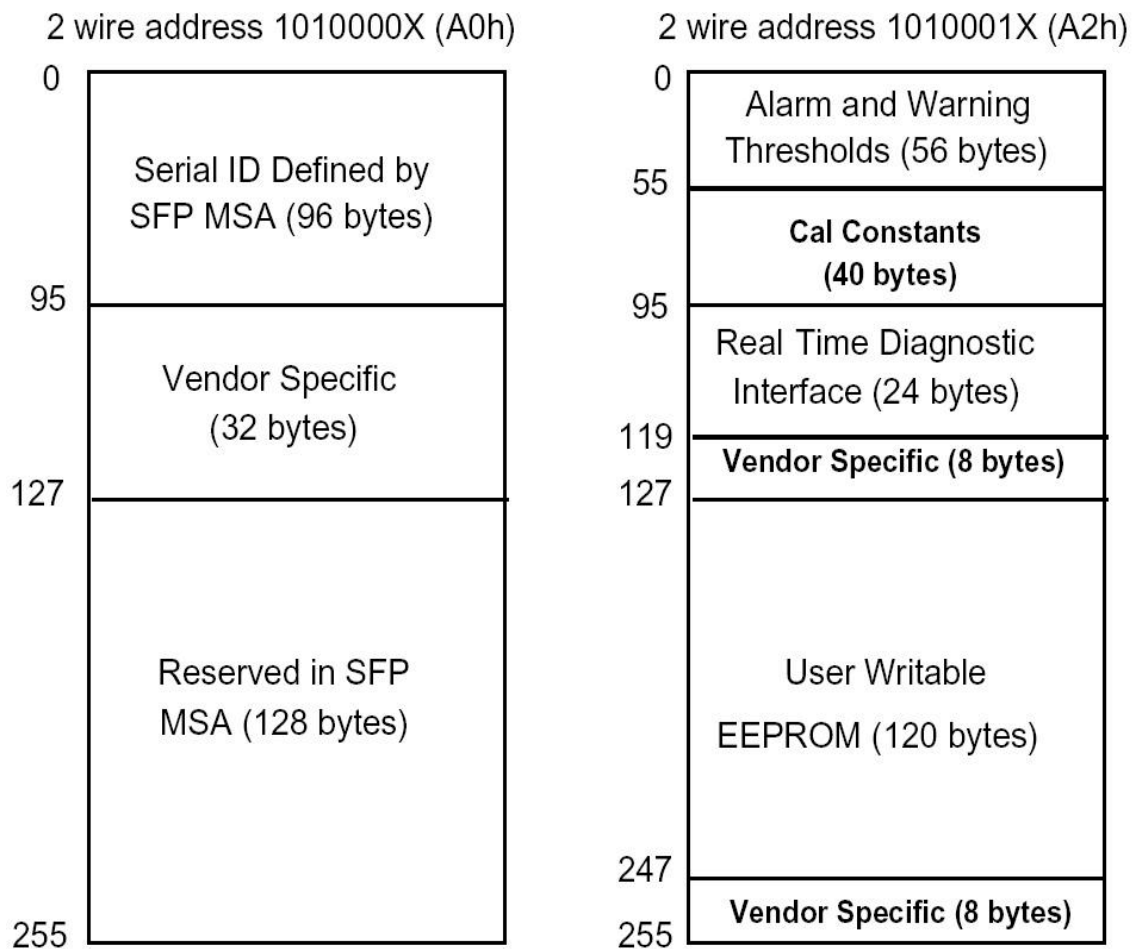
Parameter	Range	Unit	Accuracy	Calibration
Temperature	0 to +70	°C	±3°C	Internal
Voltage	3.0 to 3.6	V	±3%	Internal
Bias Current	0 to 15	mA	±10%	Internal
TX Power	-8.4.0 to 2.4	dBm	±3dB	Internal
RX Power	-12 to 2.4	dBm	±3dB	Internal

Digital Diagnostic Memory Map

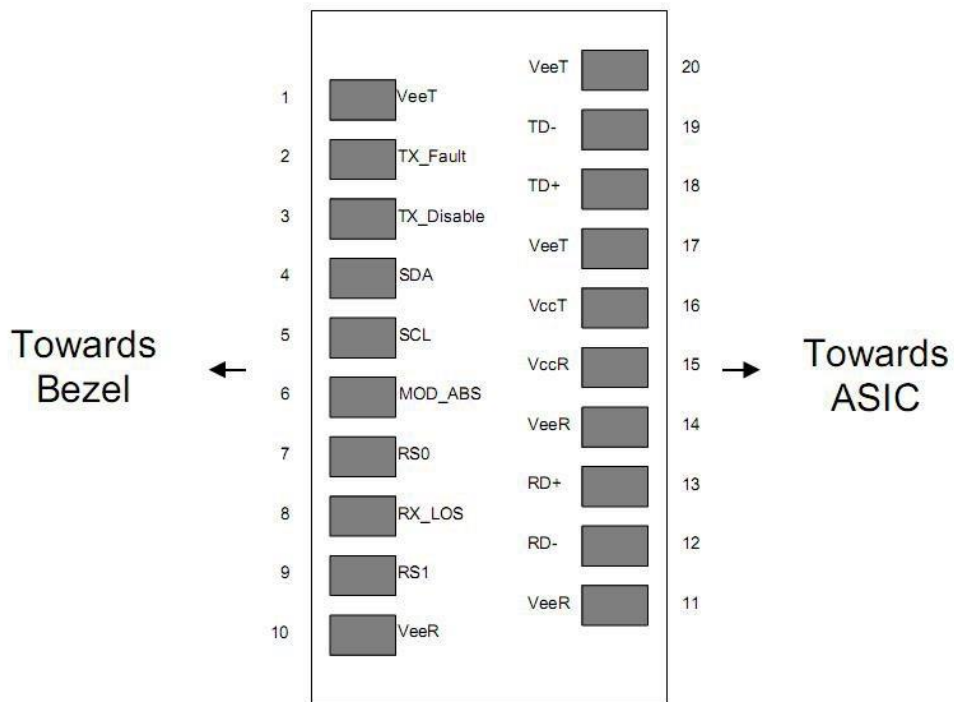
The transceivers provide serial ID memory contents and diagnostic information about the present operating conditions by the 2-wire serial interface (SCL, SDA).

The diagnostic information with internal calibration or external calibration all are implemented, including received power monitoring, transmitted power monitoring, bias current monitoring, supply voltage monitoring and temperature monitoring.

The digital diagnostic memory map specific data field defines as following.



Pin Descriptions



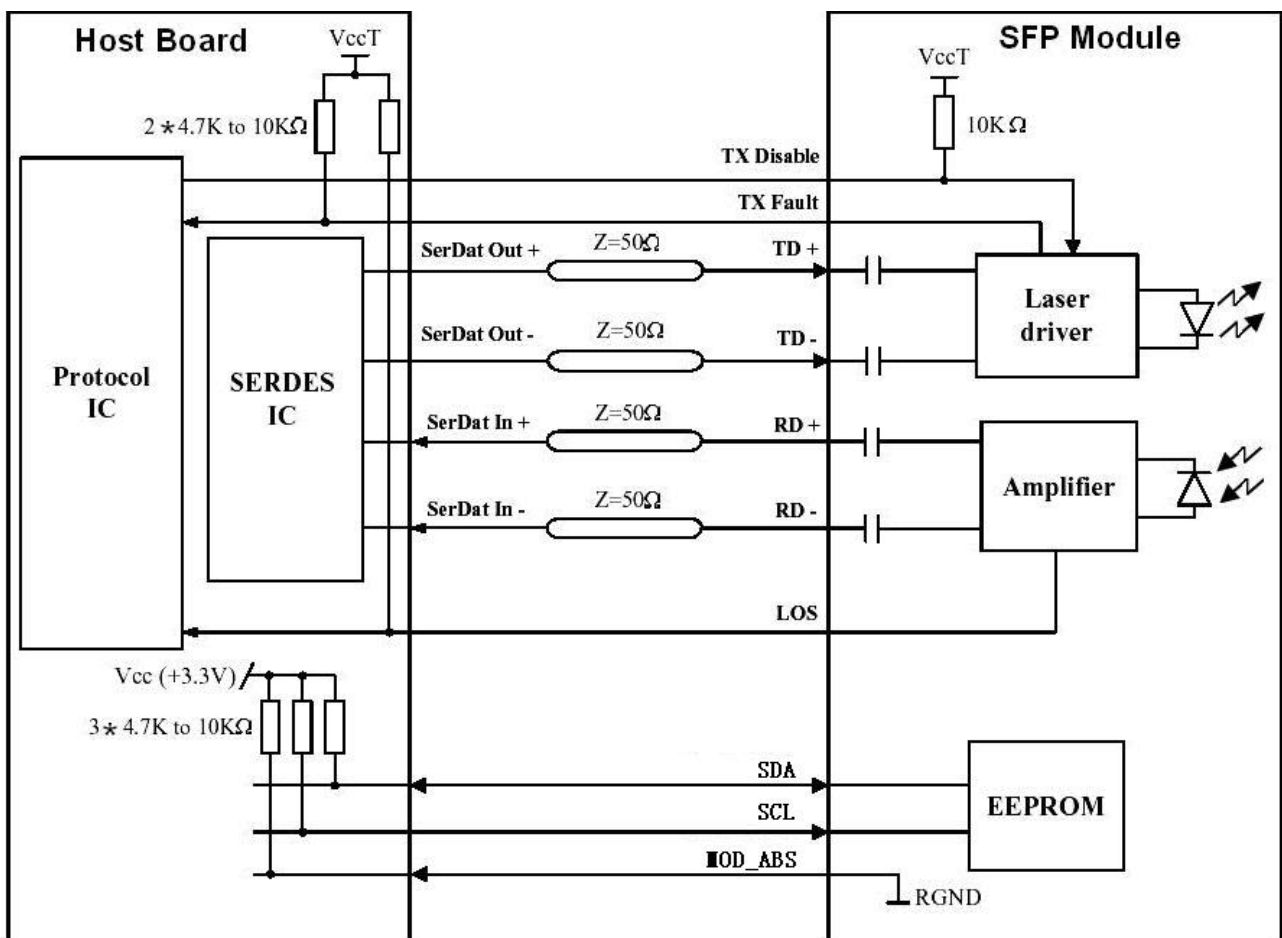
Pin	Signal Name	Description	Plug Seq.	Notes
1	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
2	TX_FAULT	Transmitter Fault Indication	3	Note 1
3	TX_DISABLE	Transmitter Disable	3	Note 2
4	SDA	SDA Serial Data Signal	3	
5	SCL	SCL Serial Clock Signal	3	
6	MOD_ABS	Module Absent. Grounded within the module	3	
7	RS0	Not Connected	3	
8	LOS	Loss of Signal	3	Note 3
9	RS1	Not Connected	3	
10	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
11	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
12	RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	3	Note 4
13	RD+	Received Data Out	3	Note 4
14	V _{EER}	Receiver ground	1	
15	V _{CCR}	Receiver Power Supply	2	
16	V _{CCT}	Transmitter Power Supply	2	
17	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	
18	TD+	Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
19	TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	3	Note 5
20	V _{EET}	Transmitter Ground	1	

Notes:

Plug Seq.: Pin engagement sequence during hot plugging.

- 1) TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k~10kΩ resistor on the host board to a voltage between 2.0V and $V_{cc}+0.3V$. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; Logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2) Laser output disabled on $TDIS >2.0V$ or open, enabled on $TDIS <0.8V$.
- 3) LOS is open collector output. Should be pulled up with 4.7k~10kΩ on host board to a voltage between 2.0V and 3.6V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates loss of signal.
- 4) RD-/+ : These are the differential receiver outputs. They are internally AC-coupled 100 differential lines which should be terminated with 100Ω (differential) at the user SERDES.
- 5) TD-/+ : These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are internally AC-coupled, differential lines with 100Ω differential termination inside the module.

Recommended Interface Circuit



Mechanical Dimensions

